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STYLISTIC FUNCTION OF MEDICAL TERMINOLOGIES IN LITERARY WORKS

Annotation

This work studies medical terminologies and its stylistic peculiarities that becomes one of the object of this article. So that, first of all it is better to identify the concept of style and stylistics and different view of scholars in this field. In order to see the general picture or style of the text there also can be given some stylistic devices and their features, variations. Additionally, paper includes some stylistic functions (pragmatic, semantic) of medical language on the basis of several linguists views.

Key words: Stylistics, literary text, medical terminologies, stylistic function, stylistic elements, medical language, text stylistics, pragmatics, semantics

СТИЛИСТИЧЕСКАЯ ФУНКЦИЯ МЕДИЦИНСКОЙ ТЕРМИНОЛОГИИ В ЛИТЕРАТУРНЫХ ПРОИЗВЕДЕНИЯХ

Аннотация

В данной работе изучается медицинская терминология и ее стилистические особенности, что становится одним из объектов данной статьи. Так что, прежде всего, лучше определить понятие стиля и стилистики и разные точки зрения ученых в этой области. Для того, чтобы увидеть общую картину или стиль текста, также могут быть даны некоторые стилистические приемы и их особенности, вариации. Кроме того, статья включает некоторые стилистические особенности медицинского языка на основе мнений нескольких лингвистов.

Ключевые слова: Стилистика, художественный текст, медицинская терминология, стилистическая функция, стилистические элементы, медицинский язык, стилистика текста, семантика, прагматика

BADIY ASARLARDA TIBBIY TERMINOLOGIYALARNING STILISTIK FUNKSIYASI

Аннотация

Ushbu maqola tibbiy terminlarning stilistik xususiyatlarini va undagi tilga oid birliklarni o'rganadi va tibbiy terminlar matnda o'rganilishi lozim bo'lgan obyektlardan biriga aylanadi. Demak, avvalo, stil va stilistika tushunchasini hamda bu sohadagi olimlarning turli qarashlarini belgilab olish maqsadga muvofiqdir. Matnning umumiy mazmuni yoki uslubini ko'rish uchun ba'zi stilistik vositalar va ularning xususiyatlari, variantligi berilgan. Bundan tashqari, maqolada bir qancha tilshunoslarning fikr-mulohazalari asosida tibbiyot tilining matndagi ba'zi stilistik xususiyatlari o'rin olgan.

Kalit so'zlar: Stilistika, adabiy matn, tibbiy termin, stilistik funktsiya, stilistik vositalar, tibbiy til, matn stilistikasi, semantika, pragmatika.

Introduction. Today stylistics has been becoming popular and developed through several branches of linguistics like text linguistics, linguoculturology, pragmatics, psychology and some more. In this work we can see some stylistic devices and their function in analyzing the text. Most of all, some stylistic devices are commonly used by the authors and these help to catch the attention of the reader. Auditory of the work may also be different specialists as this work is basically about medical terminologies, the work is prepared for medical universities. Moreover, there are a great number of linguists have investigated stylistics and its basis and put in use, however much is left to look through. All these views and ideas can be discussed in following materials.

Literature review. According to Arnold I.V stylistics is a branch of linguistics that studies the principles and effect of choosing and using lexemes, grammar, phonetics, and generally linguistic means to convey thoughts and emotions in different communication conditions.

In many respects, stylistics is a kin to practical criticism and literary criticism. By far the most common material studied is literary and attention closely text-centered. Main goal of stylistic researches just to present the process of text working. However, it is not simply to show formal peculiarities of texts, but in order to show their functional importance for the interpretation of the text.

According to Katie Wales in "[A Dictionary of Stylistics](#)," the aim of "most stylistics is not simply to present the formal features of texts for their own sake, but in order to display their functional importance for the interpretation of the text; or in order to connect literary effects to linguistic 'causes' where these are felt to be relevant."

As it was already shown, stylistics uses data from lexicology, grammar, phonetics, semasiology, phraseology, etc. However, unlike these disciplines, it does not only deal with the elements of language as such, but with their expressive means in context-their stylistic function. The

stylistic function is defined as the expressive potential of the interaction of linguistic means in the text, which ensures the transmission, along with the subject-logical content of the text, of the expressive, emotional, evaluative and aesthetic information embedded in it. While these branches of linguistics study the entire system of linguistic means of the appropriate level as a whole, stylistics considers their expressive qualities, their functioning and interaction in the transmission of thoughts and feelings in a given text and, consequently, their role in the ideological impact of the text on the reader.

As this work deals with medical terminologies and their semantic, stylistic peculiarities in literary texts, it is better to note one of prominent scholar Ashurova D.U, text stylistics studies the problems of text types, the compositional structure of the text, stylistic text categories, the linguistic means of cohesion and coherence, the correlation between the surface and the deep layers of the text.

Research methodology. Considering the stylistic function of linguistic means in a pragmatic aspect, we take into account the emotions and attitudes that the author conveys to the reader, the expression of the speaker's attitude to the reported, to the interlocutor, to himself, to the situation and evaluation of the situation, i.e. everything that relates to the second part of the information. The range of feelings can be very diverse: contempt, respect, admiration, indignation, irritation, etc., The communication environment can be considered as solemn, intimate, official, etc.

Now, in this part of the article we can consider some examples of medical terminologies and their semantic, pragmatic aspects from the work of Lewis's "Arrowsmith"

1. *The driver of the wagon swaying through forest and swamp of the Ohio wilderness was a ragged girl of fourteen. Her mother they had buried near the Monongahela--the girl herself had heaped with torn sods the grave beside the river of the beautiful name. Her father lay shrinking with fever on the floor of the wagon-box, and about him played her brothers and sisters, dirty brats, tattered brats, hilarious brats.*

In this piece of the story, we can see the imagery using (dirty brats, tattered brats, hilarious brats), so kids are described with different adjectives. Besides, fever is a medical term that means disease, form of temperature. General picture of the story about an innocent girl who came from poor family. Brat means in all- mannered child, this word is considered as a jargon.

"Nobody ain't going to take us in," she said. "We're going on jus' long as we can. Going West! They's a whole lot of new things I aim to be seeing!" She cooked the supper, she put the children to bed, and sat by the fire, alone. That was the great-grandmother of Martin Arrowsmith.

Here, the author shows how the family complaining and moving to another country on the way they struggle with a place to stay that nobody wants let them live for a while. However, this lady happy to start a new life by saying *They's a whole lot of new things I aim to be seeing!*". Finally, author shows how the woman hardworking and alone. Character development can be noticed by the hero Emmy from the age fourteen to an old grandmother.

Some examples of medical terminologies from the book "Arrowsmith"

1. Cross-legged in the examining-chair in Doc Vickerson's office, a boy was reading "Gray's **Anatomy**."
2. "**Endocarditis** and—
3. "Training, that's what you got t' get. Fundamentals. Know **chemistry, biology**."
4. I nev' did. Mrs. Reverend Jones thinks she's got **gastric ulcer**."
5. The purpose of life was **chemistry and physics** and the prospect of biology next year.
6. He had heard older medics mutter of its horrors: of corpses hanging by hooks, like rows of ghastly fruit, in an **abominable** tank of brine in the dark basement;
7. I'd like awfully to take **bacteriology** this fall instead of next year.

Semantic analysis and results

Name of disease	Name of professions	Words describes the systems	Name of the course
fever	The Doc	the lymphatic system	anatomy
stone-bruises	physician		the physiology
sick			zoological
endocarditis			chemistry
gastric ulcer			Biology
the gallstones			

Conclusion. All in all, On the basis of analysis and researchers we can say that different linguists give various ideas about stylistics and stylistic characteristics of literary text. Stylistics can be explored in different branches of linguistics as pragmatics, psycholinguistics, sociolinguistics, linguoculturology and etc. External factors: mass media, advertising, entertaining, IT technologies have been

considered as a main influence on the trending of language. As for medicine and medical language use, it is analyzed from the point of view of general linguistics which can be visible in both oral and written texts, discourse. Stylistics function is an aspect of language and language use in the text, its pragmatic, semantic characteristics.

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