Endovascular methods for correcting angiopathy of the diabetic foot syndrome in patients after COVID-19

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Abstract

Diabetes and COVID-19 are closely related in terms of the mechanism of vascular pathology. Statistics show that in patients with diabetes, after COVID-19, angiopathy is much more severe. This leads to the development of gangrene of the limb, an increase in amputation, disability and a decrease in the quality of life. The aim of our study was to improve the results of treatment of patients with diabetic angiopathy, after COVID-19, through the use of active methods of endovascular interventions. Studies conducted in 125 patients with diabetes after COVID-19 revealed 245 occlusive-stenotic changes in the vessels of the lower extremities. In addition, 10.5% of occlusions in the arteries of the medial tibial artery were eliminated. Of the 245 endovascular surgical treatments performed in patients with diabetic foot syndrome after COVID-19, 74.3% were translumbar balloon angioplasty. Most of all, translumbar balloon angioplasty was performed in 2 segments (figure 1). 58 balloon angioplasty were performed in three or more segments. Within one vascular segment, 32 balloon angioplasties were performed. The use of X-ray endovascular methods for the treatment of diabetic foot syndrome in the complex of therapeutic measures after COVID-19 made it possible to reduce the percentage of limb amputations by 3.2 times. The use of X-ray endovascular methods of treatment made it possible to avoid cases of amputation at the level of the thigh and limit amputations in 7.2% of cases at the level of the lower leg, to reduce mortality from 10.3% to 4.0%. The use of X-ray endovascular methods of surgical correction of ischemia of the lower extremities in patients with diabetic foot syndrome who underwent COVID-19 made it possible to increase the proportion of positive treatment results in the form of limb preservation from 67% to 88.8%.



Figure 1. Multiple occlusions and stenoses of the arteries of the thigh and leg. The patient underwent transluminal balloon angioplasty of the superficial femoral artery, posterior and anterior tibial arteries.

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3. Salje, H. et al. Estimating the burden of SARS-CoV-2 in France. Science 369, 208–211 (2020).

4. Weinberger, D. M. et al. Estimation of excess deaths associated with the COVID-19 pandemic in the United States, March to May 2020. JAMA Intern. Med. 180, 1336–1344 (2020).

5. Faust, J. S. & Del Rio, C. Assessment of deaths from COVID-19 and from seasonal influenza. JAMA Intern. Med. 180, 1045–1046 (2020).



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Notes/Comments: