



ЧЕЛЯБИНСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ
ИНСТИТУТ КУЛЬТУРЫ

ONLINE
CONFERENCE

**"INNOVATIVE
ACHIEVEMENTS
IN SCIENCE 2022"**

**INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC-ONLINE
CONFERENCE**



ЧЕЛЯБИНСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ
ИНСТИТУТ КУЛЬТУРЫ

"INNOVATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS IN SCIENCE 2022"



**“INNOVATIVE
ACHIEVEMENTS IN SCIENCE
2022”**

Part 13

**RUSSIA 2022
COLLECTIONS OF SCIENTIFIC WORKS**

"INNOVATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS IN SCIENCE 2022"

INNOVATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS IN SCIENCE 2022: a collection scientific works of the International scientific conference (27th November, 2022) - Chelyabinsk, Russia : "CESS", 2022. Part 13- 50 p.

Editorial board:

Martha Merrill, PhD Kent State University, USA

David Pearce, ScD Washington, D.C., USA

Emma Sabzalieva, PhD Toronto, Canada

Languages of publication: русский, english, казақша, о'zbek, limba română, кыргыз тили, Հայերեն

The collection consists of scientific research of scientists, graduate students and students who took part in the International Scientific online conference "**INNOVATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS IN SCIENCE 2022**". Which took place in Chelyabinsk on November 27, 2022.

Conference proceedings are recommended for scientists and teachers in higher education establishments. They can be used in education, including the process of post - graduate teaching, preparation for obtain bachelors' and masters' degrees. The review of all articles was accomplished by experts, materials are according to authors copyright. The authors are responsible for content, researches results and errors.

© "CESS", 2022

© Authors, 2022



"INNOVATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS IN SCIENCE 2022"

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Kalendarova Zarafshon Kalbaevna <i>INNOVATIVE MODEL OF SHAPING STUDENTS' CREATIVE THINKING SKILLS IN PRIMARY EDUCATION IN THE PROCESS OF CREATING PROBLEM SITUATIONS AND ITS CONTENT</i>	5
Имомназарова Шаҳодатхон Хабитовна <i>ФОЛЬКЛОР АСАРЛАРИ МИЛЛИЙ ОҒЗАКИ МЕРОСИМИЗ</i>	9
Шомирза Турдимов <i>БАХШИЛИК САНЪАТИ ИСТИҚБОЛЛАРИ</i>	12
Xoliquulov Muhammadali Yo'Idoshova Mushtariy Narg'uchqarov Oybek <i>BOSHLANG'ICH SINFLARDA XORIJY TILINI O'ZGARLISHIGA USULNING TA'SIRI</i>	KOMMUNIKATIV 16
Abubakirov Azizjan Bazarbayevich Kurbaniyazov Timur Urunbayevich Nazarov Muzaffar Pirnazarovich <i>REACTIVE POWER AND VOLTAGE PARAMETERS CONTROL IN NETWORK SYSTEM</i>	20
Г.К.Сатторберганова <i>НАУЧНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ ОСНОВЫ АВТОМАТИЧЕСКОГО КОНТРОЛЯ ЭЛЕКТРОФИЗИЧЕСКИХ ПАРАМЕТРОВ СЫПУЧИХ МАТЕРИАЛОВ</i>	25
Жонибеков Жафар Диёрбек ўғли <i>ФОРТЕПИАННЫЙ СТИЛЬ МОЛОДОГО КОМПОЗИТОРА АКМАЛЯ САФАРОВА НА ПРИМЕРЕ ФОРТЕПИАННОЙ СОНАТЫ.</i>	29
Артыков Максуд Бахадырович <i>ПРИМЕРЫ ИНТЕГРИРОВАННЫХ ТВОРЧЕСКИХ ЗАДАЧ ПО ХИМИИ ДЛЯ САМОКОНТРОЛЯ УЧАЩИХСЯ</i>	35
Norova Farangiz O'sar qizi <i>KORRUPSIYA - JAMIYAT TANAZZULI ASOSI</i>	40
Muxsimova N.R Muxsimova Nilyufar Raximjonovna <i>PSORIATIK ARTRITLI BEMORLARDA NOALKOGOL YOG'LI GEPATOZINING RIVOJLANISHIDA SITOKINLARNING AHAMIYATI.</i>	43
Nurova Olia <i>THE ROLE OF INDEPENDENT EDUCATION IN PREPARING STUDENTS FOR SCIENTIFIC-RESEARCH ACTIVITIES BASED ON THE TEACHING OF GENERAL PROFESSIONAL SUBJECTS AND THE METHOD OF CONDUCTING IT</i>	45
Raxmonova Ozoda Abdujalol qizi <i>TA'LIM SIFATI VA SAMARADORLIGINI OSHIRISHGA YORDAM BERUVCHI MOBIL ILOVALARNI YARATISH TEKNOLOGIYALARI</i>	51
Каримбердиева А.А. Исманов А.Ж. Кузиев Ж.М. Жумаев Ш.Х. Авезова Н.А. <i>МАКРО- И МИКРОЭЛЕМЕНТЫ В ЛУГОВО-СЕРОЗЁМНЫХ И СЕРОЗЁМНО-ЛУГОВЫХ ПОЧВАХ ТАШКЕНТСКОГО ОАЗИСА</i>	54

"INNOVATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS IN SCIENCE 2022"

PSORIATIK ARTRITLI BEMORLARDA NOALKOGOL YOG'LI GEPATOZINING RIVOJLANISHIDA SITOKINLARNING AHAMIYATI.

Muxsimova N.R

Toshkent tibbiyot akademiyasi

O'zbekiston, Toshkent

Muxsimova Nilyufar Raximjonovna

Tadqiqot maqsadi: Psoriatik artrit noalkogol yog'li gepatoz kasalligi bilan birga kelganda bemorlarda sitokinlarning o'rnini o'rganish.

Psoriatik artrit – autoimmun xarakterli xususan teri, shuningdek bo'gimlar va ichki a'zolarning zararlanishi bilan kuzatiluvchi surunkali yallig'lanish kasalligi xisoblanadi. Psoriatik artritda metabolik sindrom rivojlanish xavfi yuqori turadi qaysiki, metabolik sindromda gepatobiliar sistemada eng ko'p uchraydigan noalkogol yog'li gepatoz kasalligi hisoblanadi.

Materiallar va usullar. Toshkent tibbiyot akademiyasi ko'p tarmoqli klinikasi IADKda va ichki kasalliklar reabilitasiyasi bo'limida davolangan 120 ta psoriatik artritli bemorlar kuzatuvga olindi. Ulardan 70 tasi ayol, 50ta erkak bo'lib 18 yoshdan 75 yoshgacha, o'rtacha yoshi $52,5 \pm 0,9$ yosh. Bemorlar ikki guruhga bo'lib o'rganildi. 1-guruh psoriatik artrit va 2-guruh psoriatik artrit noalkogol yog'li gepatoz kasalligi bilan birga kelgan bemorlar tekshirildi. 1-guruhsda 50 ta bemor, 2-guruhsda 70 ta bemor o'rganildi. Birinchi kelgan bemorlarni TVI, abdominal indeks, laborator tekshiruvlardan esa SRO, EChT, ALT, AsT, glyukoza, lipid spektri, bilirubin; instrumental tekshiruvlardan jigar UTTsi, fibroskan, HOMO indeksi hamda VASh, DAS, PASI, FLI indeksi o'tkazildi. Barcha bemorlarda leptin, adiponektin va o'sma nekroz omili (O'NO) miqdori davolashdan avval va davolashdan so'ng tekshirildi.

Tadqiqot natijalari shuni ko'rsatadiki, psoriatik artrit bilan kasallangan bemorlarda yog'li gepatoz uchrash xavfi yuqori turadi hamda qon zardobida aniqlangan leptin, adiponektin va O'NO miqdori ikkala guruhda solishtirilganda sezilarli farq kuzatildi.

Psoriatik artritli bemorlarni 1-guruhiiga nisbatan 2-guruh bemorlarda kasallikning faollik darjasи, TVI, laborator va instrumental tekshiruvlarda faollik yuqori bo'lishi aniqlandi. Tahlillar natijasidan shu ma'lum bo'ldiki, 1-guruhdagi bemorlarimizda davolashdan avval leptin miqdori $22,93 \pm 0,25$, davolashdan keyin $23,27 \pm 0,34$, adiponektin miqdori davodan oldin $32,58 \pm 0,53$, davolashdan keyin $30,14 \pm 0,3$, O'NO miqdori $7,14 \pm 0,45$ ko'rsatkichni tashkil etdi. 2-guruhdagi



"INNOVATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS IN SCIENCE 2022"

bemorlarimizda esa leptin miqdori 1-guruhdagi bemorlarga nisbatan baland, adiponektin miqdori esa birmuncha past, O'NO $10,5 \pm 0,55$ miqdori baland ko'rsatkichni ko'rsatdi.

Xulosa. Kuzatuv va tahlillarga asoslanib psoriatik artrit noalkogol yog'li gepatoz bilan birga kelganda ikkala kasallikning kechishi og'ir kechdi, shuningdek kasallikning faolligiga ta'sir etuvchi asos bu sitokinlarning o'shishi bo'ldi.