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## EARLY CYTOLOGICAL DIAGNOSIS OF CERVICAL DISEASE

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***Annotation.** The first results will be obtained that reflect the effectiveness and advantage of the cytological diagnostic method in identifying precancerous conditions and cervical cancer. New data will be obtained on the information content of the result of the cytological diagnosis of precancerous conditions and cervical cancer.*

**Keywords:** cytological diagnosis, detection of precancerous conditions and cervical cancer.

Relevance. Cervical cancer is the fourth most common malignant disease in women, registered in 2012, and in second place in the structure of gynecological oncological diseases (Axel E.M., 2015). Every year, more than 500 thousand new cases of cervical cancer are registered worldwide, and the number of dead women reaches 266 thousand, which is 7.3% of the total mortality of the female population (Ferlay J. et al. 2012).

Over the past 5 years, Russia has seen an annual increase in the absolute number of cases of cervical cancer by 12.2%, and the standardized incidence rate was 14.4 per 100 thousand women per year. Moreover, the initial stages of cervical cancer are recorded in 33.1% of cases, while the common (II-III) stages are recorded in 60% of cases (A. Kaprinen et al. 2016).

Of greatest concern is the fact that intraepithelial neoplasia of the cervix is increasingly recorded in young nulliparous women. Moreover, the problems of the development of cervical diseases associ-

ated with the human papillomavirus (HPV) (Rogovskaya S.I., Bebneva T.N., 2016; Korolenkova L.I., 2014; Chang MS, Oh S., Jung EJ, Park JH, Jeon HW, Lee TS et al., 2015). Attempts are being made to develop prognostic criteria for cervical malignancy caused by the human papilloma virus (Burmenskaya O.V., Nazarova N.M., Prilepskaya V.N. et al., 2016).

Structural and functional features of the neck of the mother determine in many ways its influence on the possibility of freedom of life, the success of the remuneration and the quality of the war (2018). Cicatricial deformity of the cervix, cervical-vaginal fistula, chronic cervicitis disrupt the barrier function of the cervix, contributing to an increase in the risk of an increase.

The relevance of the study and treatment of diseases of the cervix remain high, including among pregnant women. Eto, in pervuyu ochered, obuslovljeno bolshim kolichestvom pervichnyh sluchaev vyyavleniya raka sheyki matki sredi zhenschin reproduktivnogo vozrasta, osobennoin

vozraste 29 do lettoprimeru in strukture  
causes smertnosti zhenshin molozhe 30 let  
rakshey kimat kidostiga et 8.5% (Kaprin A.  
D., Starinsky V.V., 2017).

In this regard, the search for opportu-  
nities and methods that can accurately  
determine the stage of the disease and  
choose the optimal treatment strategy for  
patients is relevant both from a scientific  
and a practical point of view.

The purpose of the study, to develop  
laboratory criteria for the diagnosis of  
precancerous conditions and cervical  
cancer.

Materials and methods. The object of  
the study will be patients in the depart-  
ment of the City Oncology Clinic. Pa-  
tients will be checked by cytological anal-  
ysis of the cervix and screening and iden-  
tification of risk groups for patients with  
precancerous conditions and cervical  
cancer will be performed.

The objectives of the study, to study  
the diagnostic information content of

cystoscopy in the verification of precan-  
cerous conditions and cervical cancer.

To evaluate the diagnostic significance  
of the cytological method in determining  
the tumor process of the cervix and evalu-  
ate the effectiveness of screening and  
identifying risk groups of patients with  
precancerous conditions and cervical  
cancer.

Scientific novelty. For the first time,  
results will be obtained that reflect the ef-  
fectiveness and advantage of the cytologi-  
cal diagnostic method in identifying pre-  
cancerous conditions and cervical cancer.  
New scientific data were obtained on the  
information content of the results of the  
cytological diagnosis of precancerous  
conditions and cervical cancer.

The practical significance of the work.  
The obtained clinical and laboratory data  
will be used for timely diagnosis of pre-  
cancerous conditions and cervical cancer.  
Based on the data received, articles and  
abstracts will be published.