

MODERN SCIENTIFIC CHALLENGES AND TRENDS

COLLECTION OF SCIENTIFIC WORKS
OF THE INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCE



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ISSUE 2(47)

FEBRUARY 2023

Collection of Scientific Works

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NODEMENT CASES IN POST-COVID SYNDROME

The urgency of the problem. Studies have shown that after the acute phase of SARS-CoV-2 infection, a number of persistent symptoms can persist for a long time, and this condition is called post-covid syndrome (post-covid) in recognized institutions. Like acute COVID-19, post-COVID syndrome has been found to affect multiple organs and affect a number of systems, including the nervous and musculoskeletal systems.

The goal: Detection of nodement cases in patients with coronavirus-19

Investigation: 50 patients with COVID-19 were studied between 2020-2022 (31(62%) were women, 19(38%) were men) with a positive PCR result. The average age of patients is 37.98±1.94 years. The cognitive function of the patients was checked using the scales "Mini-Cog test" and "Batary Lobnoy Dysfunktsii test".

Results: 36 of the patients with COVID-19 had a fever, 39 had a cough, 40 had a headache, 21 had pneumonia, and 47 had a smell and taste disorder.

As a result of checking the cognitive activity of patients using the scale of the Mini-Cog test, it was found that 32% of patients had mild dementia, 14% had expressed dementia, and 54% had no dementia. Among them, 35.5% of women had mild dementia, 19.3% had severe dementia, and 45.2% had no dementia. Mild dementia was observed in 26.3% of men, expressed dementia in 5.3%, and no dementia in 68.4%.

The cognitive function of patients with COVID-19 was determined using the scale of the "Battery Lobnoy Dysfunktsii" test: 78% had normal forehead function, and 22% had moderate forehead dysfunction and no pronounced forehead dysfunction. When examining the cognitive function of these patients, the results showed that 74.2% of women had normal forehead function, 25.8% had moderate forehead dysfunction, and expressed forehead dysfunction was not detected. In men, 84.2% had normal forehead function, and 15.8% had medium forehead dysfunction, and expressed forehead dysfunction was not detected.

Summary:

Mild (32%) and pronounced dementia (14%) were observed in patients examined with post-covid syndrome, and dementia was more common in women than in men. When the cognitive

function of these patients was examined using the scale of the Batareya Lobnoy Dysfunktsii test, 22% of them had midfrontal dysfunction, and this was more common in women than in men.

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